GHS Classification

ID314

tert-Butyl 4-({[(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenoxy-4-pyrazolyl)methylidene]aminooxy}methyl)benzoate; Fenpyroximate Date Classified: Nov. 20, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Mar. 31, 2006)

CAS 134098-61-6 Physical Hazards

Date Classified. Nov. 20, 2000 (Environmental Hazaros: Mar. 31, 2000)

|--|

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Explosives	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no chemical groups with explosive properties
2 Flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
3 Flammable aerosols	Not applicable	-	-	-	Not aerosol products
4 Oxidizing gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
5 Gases under pressure	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
6 Flammable liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
7 Flammable solids	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
8 Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no chemical groups with explosive or self-reactive properties
9 Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
10 Pyrophoric solids	Not classified	-	-	-	Considered non-pyrophoric when in contact with air at ordinary temperatures since the substance is stable to heat (up to 150degC) (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1990))
11 Self-heating substances and mixtures	Not classified	-	-	-	Stable to heat (up to 150degC) (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1990))
12 Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Containing no metallo or metalloids (B, Si, P, Ge, As, Se, Sn, Sb, Te, Bi, Po, At)
13 Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
14 Oxidizing solids	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Classification not possible due to lack of data, though being organic compounds containing oxygen (but not chlorine and fluorine) bound to the elements other than carbon and hydrogen
15 Organic peroxides	Not applicable	-	-	-	Organic compounds containing no "-0-0-" structure
16 Corrosive to metals	Classification not possible	_	-	_	Test methods applicable to solid substances with melting point of >55degC are not available (melting point: 101.1-102.4degC (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1990)).

Health Hazards

Haza	ard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1	Acute toxicity (oral)	Category 3	Skull and crossbones	Danger	Toxic if swallowed	Based on the rat LD50 (oral route) value of 245mg/kg (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (2002)).
1	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Not classified	-	-	-	Based on the absence of mortality at the highest dose of 2,000mg/kg observed in the dermal studies with rats (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (2002)).
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable	-	-	-	Due to the fact that the substance is a solid according to the GHS definition and inhalation of its gas is not expected.
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation:	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
	Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Category 2	Skull and crossbones	Danger	Fatal if inhaled	Based on the rat LC50 (inhalation route) value of 0.33mg/L (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (2002)).
2	Skin corrosion / irritation	Not classified	-	-	-	Based on the description in the report on rabbit skin irritation tests (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (2002)): Non-irritating to the skin.
	Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category 2B	-	Warning	Causes eye irritation	Based on the description in the report on rabbit eye irritation tests (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (2002)): "The substance is a mild eye irritant with reversible effects."
4		Respiratory sensitization: Classification not possible Skin sensitization: Category 1	(Respiratory sensitization)— (Skin sensitization) Exclamation mark	(Respiratory sensitization)— (Skin sensitization) Warning	(Respiratory sensitization)— (Skin sensitization) May cause an allergic skin reaction	Respiratory sensitization: No data available Skin sensitization: Based on the description in the report on guinea pig skin sensitization tests using the Maximization method: "Caused mild to moderate sensitization" (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (2002)).
5	Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified	-	-	-	Based on negative data on in vitro reverse mutagenicity tests, in vitro chromosome aberration tests and in vivo micronucleus tests on mouse bone marrow cells(Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1990)).
6	Carcinogenicity	Not classified	-	-	-	There was no treatment-related evidence of tumor formation observed in 2-year (rats) and 18-month (mice) carcinogenicity studies, reported in Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1990).
7	Toxic to reproduction	Not classified	_	-	-	Based on no evidence of reproductive toxicity and teratogenicity in rat 2-generation reproduction studies and rat/rabbit teratogenicity studies, reported in Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1990)).
8	Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure		Health hazard	Danger	Causes damage to organs (nervous system)	In rat single dose toxicity studies, clinical signs and symptoms including "soft feces," "eyelid closure," "reduced activity," "laboured breathing" and "lacrimation" were found (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (2002)). These effects were observed at dosing levels within the guidance value ranges for Category 1.
Ũ		Category 2 (blood system, liver, kidneys)	Health hazard	Warning	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (blood system, liver, kidneys)	In rat repeated dose toxicity studies, increased red blood cell counts/volume, increased hemoglobin levels, high platelet counts, and slight hepatocellular hypertrophy were detected (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1990)). In dogs, increased urea levels, increased relative liver weight, decreased glycogen in hepatocytes, and cytoplasmic vacuolization of the renal medulla were found. These effects were observed at dosing levels within the guidance value ranges for Category 2.
10	Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available

Environmental Hazards

	The fille fille and a					
- [Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
	11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life	It was classified into Category 1 from 48 hours EC50=0.00328mg/L of the crustacea (Daphnia magna) (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data, 2004).
	11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Since acute toxicity was Category 1 and rapidly degrading and bio-accumulation were unknown, it was classified into Category 1.